Complete LS Swap Guide by ICT Billet LLC



For questions or to locate parts & accessories for your swap, please call 316-300-0833 or visit our website at www.ictbillet.com

Welcome to the LS Swap Guide presented by ICT Billet LLC

Below we will be touching on some of the key parts in your LS swap to give you a better understanding of how the different components all come together.

ICT Billet has many years and countless LS swaps under our belt, and we carry everything from LS swap mounts to adapters and wiring.

What we'll cover in this guide:

ACCESSORIES

- Crank Pulley (Harmonic Balancer)
- Water Pump
- Power Steering Pump
- Alternator
- A/C Compressor

ENGINE

- Gen III vs. Gen IV
- RPO Code Differences/ Specs
- Crankshaft Guide
- Intake Ports
- Ignition Coils
- Fuel Injectors
- Throttle Body
- Supercharger
- Torque Specs
- Oil Pan
- Wire Connectors
- Wiring Guide (Gen III DBC)
- Fittings

If you don't find the answer to your question in this guide, please contact us at 316-300-0833 or visit our website at www.ictbillet.com

LS Crank Pulley (Harmonic Balancer)

At ICT Billet, we design our brackets based off of three basic spacing principles

One of the most important steps of your swap is to identify the "spacing" needed. This "spacing" is determined by the crank pulley that you have, or will be getting.

Our spacing principles are as follows:

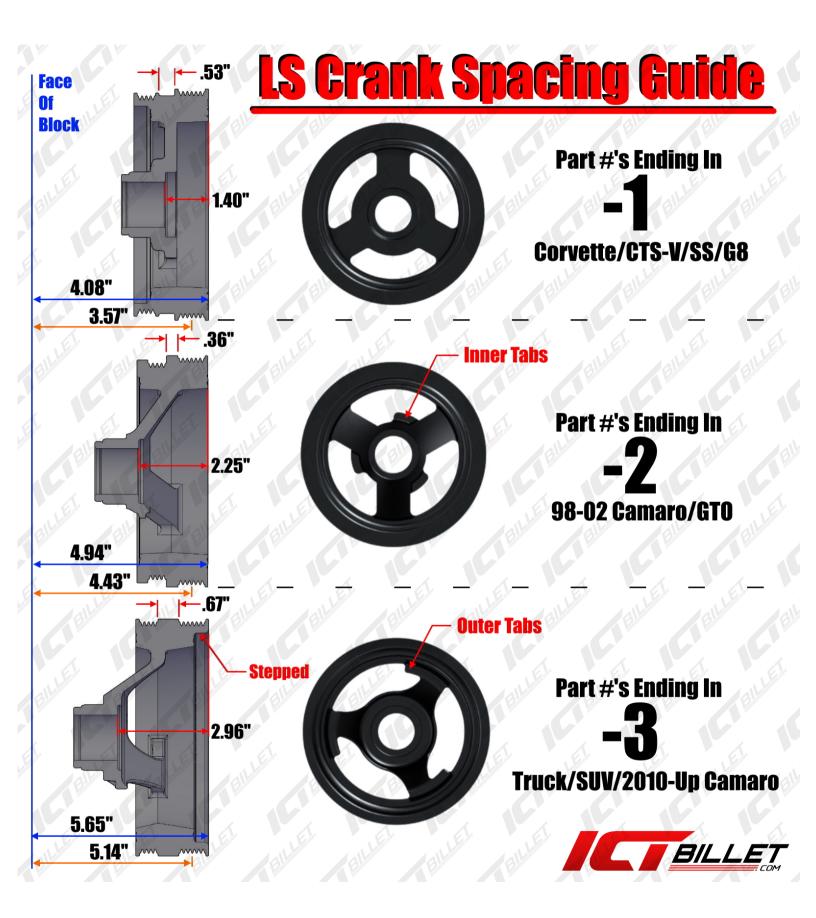
- (-1) Corvette/CTS-V/SS(sedan)/G8's crank pulleys are in this category. (See *image on following page for measurements*)
- (-2) 1998-2002 Camaro/GTO's crank pulleys are in this category. (See image on following page for measurements)
- (-3) All Truck/2010-2015 Camaro's crank pulleys are in this category. (See *image on following page for measurements*)

What does this mean for your swap project?

All of our systems function around this spacing concept to ensure the kit is a direct bolt up to your application for proper functionality.

We categorize our parts by a 6 digit part # with a (-) at the end. Depending on which application the bracket was designed for would determine the last digit.

For example: Part# 551577-2 is a high mount alternator bracket for an LS1 Camaro. Part# 551577-3 is the same bracket system, but for a truck engine with stock crank pulley.



LS Water Pump

Our three basic spacing principles for crank pulleys applies to water pumps as well.

You can **NOT** use any water pump on any LS based engine. Yes they will bolt up, but spacing is very important, just the same as pulley size, ect. However there is more adaptation for the water pumps with our water pump spacers.

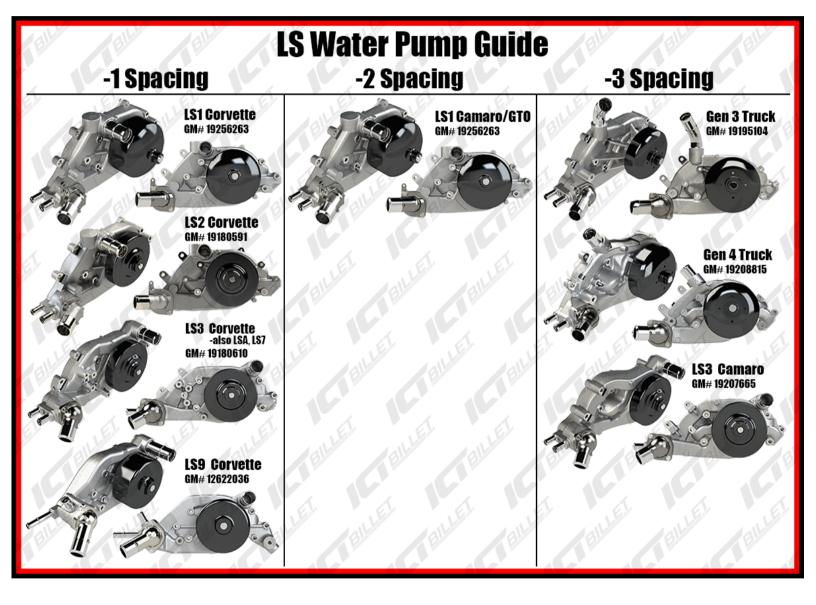
For example: You can use a (-2) spacing LS1water pump on a (-3) 5.3 Truck engine.

What does this mean for your swap project?

The ability to use different style water pumps will allow the build to be more universal. Most swaps are done to be as cost effective as possible.

Instead of buying a brand new water pump for your spacing, you can use our water pump spacers to make the one you have work! Make sure to keep in mind where the heater hose will run into the water pump when deciding on what water pump to use, what intake manifold, which ICT Billet bracket to use, etc.

Refer to the image on the next page to determine which water pump will work best for your application.



LS Power Steering Pump

The power steering pump and pulley follow the same spacing principle.

As you can see in the guide on the following page, the three pumps are noticeably different.

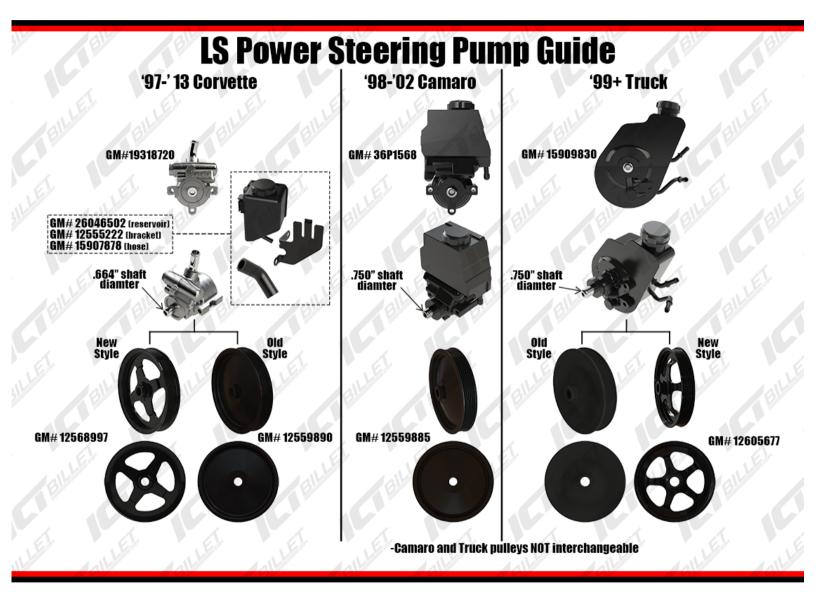
Keep in mind which power steering pump you have in conjunction with the rest of the accessory drive because pulley size comes in to play to make sure you have the correct length belt.

- (-1) 1997-2013 Corvette spacing
- (-2) 1998-2002 Camaro LS1 spacing
- (-3) 1999+ Truck spacing

What does this mean for your swap project?

We use these measurements at ICT Billet to design our power steering bracket kits. Understanding which power steering pump you either have (or will need) will make your swap easier.

We also offer a kit with a power steering delete, where in the place of the power steering pulley we include an idler pulley and an updated belt length for that application.



LS Alternator

Do you know which alternator you have, or will need? The most common is the 105 amp alternator found on truck engines. This alternator has the smallest casing and is what ICT Billet has used to create most of our alternator relocation brackets.

The biggest reason for needing an alternator relocation is because of experiencing a very tight fit in the engine compartment of the vehicle receiving the swap. Either that, or you plan to strap a turbo to your LS and need spacing to run the turbo system. Whichever reason you need to relocate the alternator, our alternator brackets will be able to take care of you.

What does this mean for your swap project?

Wherever you need to mount your alternator, ICT Billet brackets will be able to handle it. Keep in mind the size of the casing and where you want to put it. You can only use the smaller 105 casing if you are going to relocate to the passenger side head. The 145/160 casings are simply too big.



LS A/C Compressor

Thinking of installing air conditioning on your swap? Most of our swap customers prefer to keep A/C on their vehicle. We make this easy at ICT Billet by providing a wide selection of brackets to mount your A/C compressor on trucks, cars, hotrods, etc, with options ranging from GM factory R4, BMW, Ford, Sanden 508, 7176, 708, HT6 and other types of compressors. At ICT Billet, we manufacture these brackets in-house to our precise dimensions using GM specs for a perfect, reliable fit every time.

Typically our customers have a factory LS style compressor that comes with their engine or in the vehicle they are using as a donor. We offer a bracket that will relocate this compressor due to most swap vehicles having clearance issues down low on the passenger side. We accomplish this by relocating the compressor to the passenger side head and converting the front pulley from a 4-rib to a 6-rib pulley and clutch. We will use one belt to run the entire serpentine system.

What does this mean for your swap project?

Integrating air conditioning into your swapped vehicle has never been easier. You can simply pick from one of our many A/C compressor brackets at ICT Billet. We have every combination of bracket you can think of and can get it to you quickly!



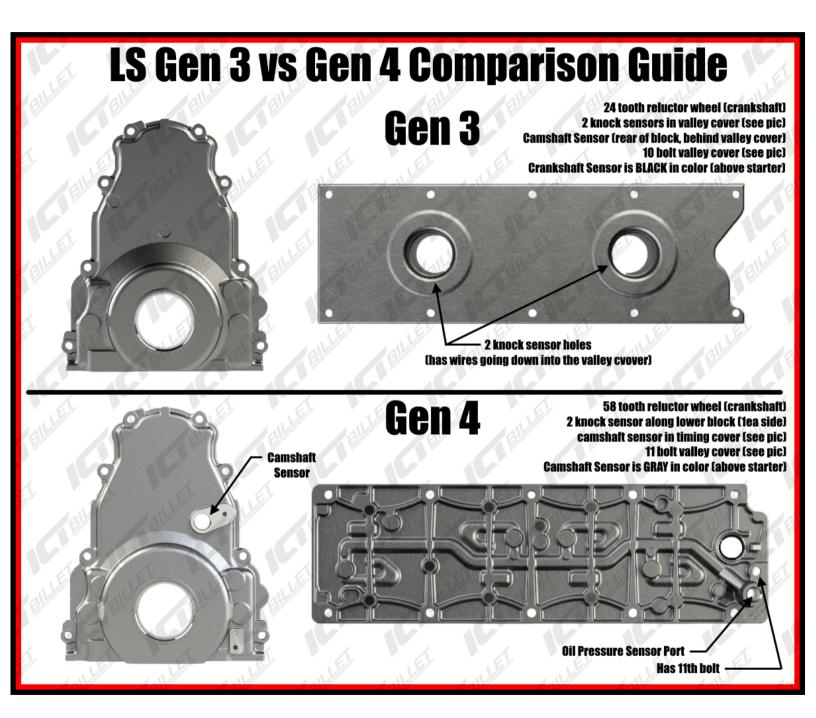
LS Gen III vs Gen IV

One of the most misunderstood components is identifying what engine block you actually have. Make sure you know which generation LS based engine you're working with.

Even though most parts can interchange on LS Based engines, it's important to know the differences between a Generation 3 and Generation 4 LS engine.

There are many things that are different between these two generations of engines, causing you difficulty when it comes to figuring out what parts you need for your build.

Refer to the image on the next page for a few visible differences between the Generation 3 and Generation 4 engines.



RPO Code Differences/Specs

What is an RPO code? This code is pretty much the DNA of your vehicle. These codes are what General Motors used as instructions to put together your vehicle back in the factory. The plant would see these codes and know which parts to include on the vehicle or which parts to leave off. On the following pages, you'll find a guide showing the RPO code (Engine Code) of GM LS based engines along with some differences between them.

What does this mean for your swap project?

The RPO code is important to you because these codes will help you decipher what exact engine you have, how much power there is, and what parts you need to make it work in your swap.

Not every LS based engine is a "Corvette motor". As cool as that would be, the same parts that work on said Corvette motor wouldn't work on other engines.

So to save everyone involved a headache and delaying your build, it's best to know what you have so that you can develop a game plan for the type of build you want to do.

Please review the RPO guide on the next page to check out the differences in the graph.

ien IV/V	Years Offered	Engine Code (vin code)	Crank Pulley Offset for ICT	Vehicle	Australia or Other Vehicle	Displac ement	Intake Port Shape	Iron-Aluminum / Block-Heads	Bore (in)	Stroke (in)	MAP Sensor	MAF Sensor	Throttle Body	Ignition Coil
III	2005-07	L33(B)	Bracket -3	05-07 Truck	1	5.3	Cathedral	Aluminum	3.78	3.62	55573248	19351888	I-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
11	2002-07	L59(Z)	-3	02-07 Truck		5.3	Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads	3.78	3.62	12614973	19351885	3-Bolt DBC or DBW	D581 OR D585
1	2003-04	LM4 (P)	-3	SSR truck 03-04		5.3	Cathedral	Aluminum	3.78	3.62	12614973	19330121 or 19330122	3-bolt DBW	D581 OR D585
I	1999-07	LM7(T)	-3	Truck		5.3	Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads	3.78		12614973	19330121	3-bolt DBC	D581 OR D585
II II	1999-08 2002-07	LQ4 (U) LQ9 (N)	-3 -3	99-07 Truck 02-07 Truck	· · ·	6	Cathedral Cathedral	Iron/Iron-Alum. heads	4		12614973 12614973	19330121	3-Bolt DBC or DBW 3-bolt DBW	D581 OR D585
 11/1	1999-07	LR4 (V)	-3	99-07 Truck		4.8	Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads	3.78		12614973	19330121	3-Bolt DBC or DBW	D581 OR D585
II 👘	1997-04	LS1 (G)	-1, -2	97-04 Vette/98-02 Camaro & GTO (2004 only	KV	5.7	Cathedral	Juminum	3.9	3.62	12569240	19332972	3-Bolt DBC or DBW	D580
ii ii	2001-05	LS6 (S)	-1	01-04 Z06 Corvette	1	5.7	Cathedral	Aluminum	3.9	3.62	12614970	19330121 or 19330122	3-Bolt DBC or DBW	D580
v	2010-17	L20(A)	-3	10-13 Truck, 10-17 Van	1	4.8 Ca	athedral In	ou/Alum. heads 3	3.78	3.3	12644228	23256991	Heok Dew	D514A or D5100
v	2007-09	L76(Y)	1, 3	07-09 G8 GT / 07-09 Truck	14	6	Rectangle	Aluminum	4	3.62	55573248	92281162 or 23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2011-17	L77 (2)	-1	11-17 Caprice	Commodore VF 13-15 & VE	6	Rectangle	Aluminum	4	3.62	55573248	92281162	4-Bolt DBW	D514A
v	2007-08	L92 (8)	-3	07-08 Truck	11-12	6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06		12614973	19330125	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2010-14	L94 (F)	-3	10-14 Truck		6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06	-	12644228	23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2010-17	L96 (G)	-3	Truck 10-17	Holden-SS	6	Rectangle	Iron/Alum. heads	4	3.62	12644228	23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2006-10	L98 (H)	14		thunder 06, 06- 08 WM	6	Rectangle	Aluminum	4	3.62	55573248	92281162 or 23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2010-15	L99 (J)	-3	Camaro 5510-15 (auto trans only)	<u>[</u> [0]]	6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	55573248	15865791	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2009-13	L9H (2)	-3	09-13 Truck		6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	12644228	23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
V	2011-19	LC8	-3	11-19 Truck/ Van		6	Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads	2 79		12644228 12644228	23256991 23256991	4-Bolt D6W	D514A or D5100
v v	2007-14 2008-09	LC9 (3) LFA (5)	-3 -3	07-14 Truck 08-09 Hybrid Truck	<u>67</u>	5.3	Cathedral Rectangle	Aluminum	3.78		12644228	92281162	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2005-09	LH6(M)	-3	05-09 truck	1	5.3	Cathedral	Aluminum	3.78	3.62	12614973	19330121	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2008-09	LH8(L)	-3	08-09 Truck		5.3	Cathedral	Aluminum	3.78		12644228	15865791	4-Bolt DBW	D514A
V	2008-12	LMG (0)	-3	07-14 Truck 05-07 Corvette, 06-07 CTS-V / -2		5.3	Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads	4	3.62	12644228	23256091	4-Bolt D6W	D514A or D5100
v	2005- 07,09	LS2 (U)	1, 2, 3	GTO 05-06 / -3 Trafblazer 06-09 / 05- 06 SSR		6	Cathedral	Numinum	4	3.62	12644228	19330121	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2008-17	LS3 (W)	1, 3	08-13 Corvette, 14-17 Chevy SS, 09 G8 GXP / 10-15 Camaro (manual trans only)	07-09 Holden HSV / VF	6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	55573248	15865791	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2005-09	LS4(C)	neither	PWD cars (Impala SS, Monte Carlo, GX P Grand Prix		5.3	Cathedral	Numinum	3.78	3.62	55573248	19330124	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2006-15	LS7 (E)	-1	06-13 Z06 Vette / 14-15 Camaro Z28/	1	7	Raised Square	Aluminum	4.125	4	12644569	15865791	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2009-13	LS9 (B/T.)	-1	09-13 vette ZR1	2017 HSV GTSR W1	6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.065	3.62	12592525	15865791	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2009-15	LSA (P)	-1	11-14 CTS-V (15 coupe ONLY)	1	6.2	Rectangle	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	12614970	19330122	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v v	2007-09 2007-09	LY2 (C) LY5 (J)	-3 -3	07-09 Truck 07-09 Truck		4.8	Cathedral Cathedral	Iron/Alum. heads Iron/Alum. heads	3.78	-	12614973 12614973	92281162 92281162	4-Bolt DBW 4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100 D514A or D5100
v	2007-10	LY6(K)	-3	07-10 Truck		6	Rectangle	Iron/Alum. heads	4		12614973	23256991	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
v	2010-13	LZ1(J)	-3	10-13 Hybrid Truck		6	Rectangle	Aluminum	4		12644228	92281162	4-Bolt DBW	D514A or D5100
W W	none	LSX376	-1	-1 for crate engine	- V - 4	6.2 7.4	Rectangle Raised Square	Aftermarket Aftermarket	4.06	3.62 4.125	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
IN I	none	LSX454 LSX454R	-1	-1 for crate engine -1 for crate engine		7.4	Raised Square	Aftermarket	4.185	4.125		N/A	N/A	N/A
v	2018-up	L82	-3	18-up Truck	NV.	5.3	Square	Aluminum	3.78		12644228	12671620	12617792	D514A
v	2014-up	L83 (C)	-3	14-up Truck	V	5.3	S qua re	Aluminum	3.78		12644228	23262343	12617792	D514A or D5100
v v A	2019-up 2014–up	L84 L86 (J)	-3 -3	19-up Truck 14-up Truck	1	5.3 6.2	Square Square	Aluminum	3.78		12644228 12644228	12671620 23262343	12617792 HBolt DBW	D514A or D5100 D514A
v	2014-up 2019-up	L87	-3	19-up Truck	V.	6.2	Square	Aluminum	4.06	- ¥.	12644228	12671620	12678312	D510C
v	2016-18	L8B	-3	16-up Hybrid Truck		5.3	Square	Aluminum	3.78	1	12644228	23262343	12617792	D514A or D5100
V	2020-up	L8T	-3	Truck Heavy duty		6.6	Square	Iron/Alum. heads	4.06	3.86	10.7	¥		
V	2014–up	LTI	-1, -2	14-19 Vette / 16-up Carnaro 55		6.2	Square	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	12644228	23262344	HBolt DBW	D514A or D5100
/	2020-up	LT2		20-up corvette		6.2	Square	Aluminum	4.06	3.62			1.6	- A
٢,	2015–up	LT4	1, 2	14-19 206 Vette / 16-up CTS-V, 17- up ZL1 Camaro	L. U	6.2	Square	uluminum	4.06	3.62	12644228	23262344	HBolt Dew	D514A or D5100
1	2019-up	LT5	3⁄-1	19 ZR1 corvette	107	6.2	Square	Aluminum	4.06	3.62	12644228	12676479	12669871	D510C
v	2015–up	LV3	heads on engine are in different	14-up Truck		¥6-4.3	Square	Aluminum	3.92	3.62	12644228	23262343	12676296	D514A or D5100

LS Crankshaft Guide

Be careful when purchasing a flexplate and bolts for your swap. There is a special year ('99-'00) 6.0L LS that had a "long" crankshaft. That means the crankshaft projects .55" inches from rear cover lip, compared to the .13" inches from the standard length crankshaft. This may not seem like a lot of difference in measurement, but it is the difference between your swap mating up or not.

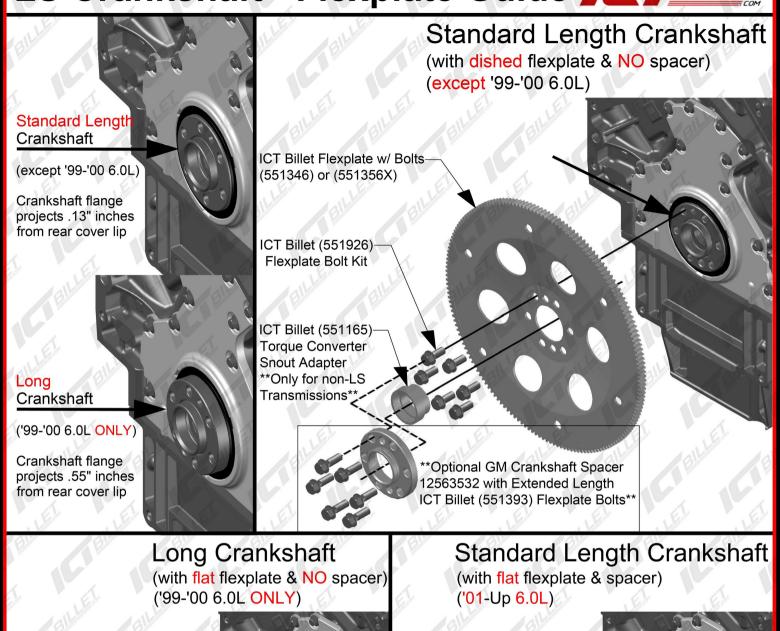
With the standard length crankshaft, you need a dished flexplate & NO spacer. With the long crankshaft, you need a flat flexplate & NO spacer. The spacers are for non-LS transmissions.

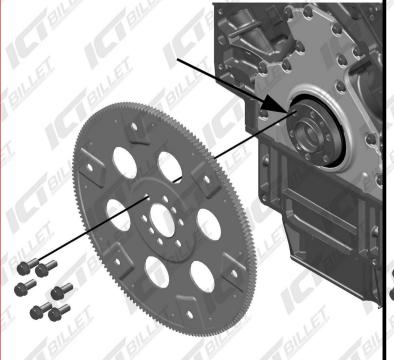
What does this mean for your swap project?

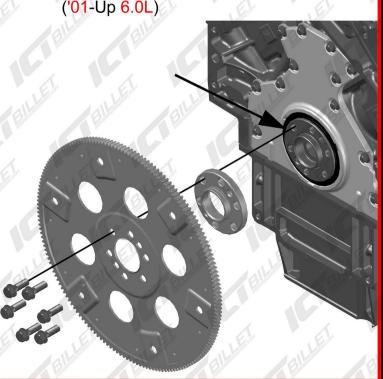
Mating whatever transmission you are using to your LS engine can be a very simple process or a very difficult one. Making sure you have all of the parts you need for your exact application will save you a ton of hassle.

A common swap is a 6.0L LS based engine because of their power and reliability. However, the 1999-2000 6.0L LS engines came with a long crankshaft. This long crankshaft will only work with a flat flexplate, rather than the dished plate you find on standard length crankshafts. Make sure to do your research on the engine you have. Your best bet is to get the RPO code for your engine or the VIN (Vehicle Identification Number) off your donor vehicle, and any GM dealership will be able to provide you with a build sheet containing all of the information you need on it. See the image on the following page that details the differences and the ICT Billet parts needed.

LS Crankshaft - Flexplate Guide







LS Intake Port

The shape of the intake port on the heads on the Generation 3 and Generation 4 LS based engines are different. Generation 3 heads have a cathedral port. Generation 4 heads have a rectangle port.

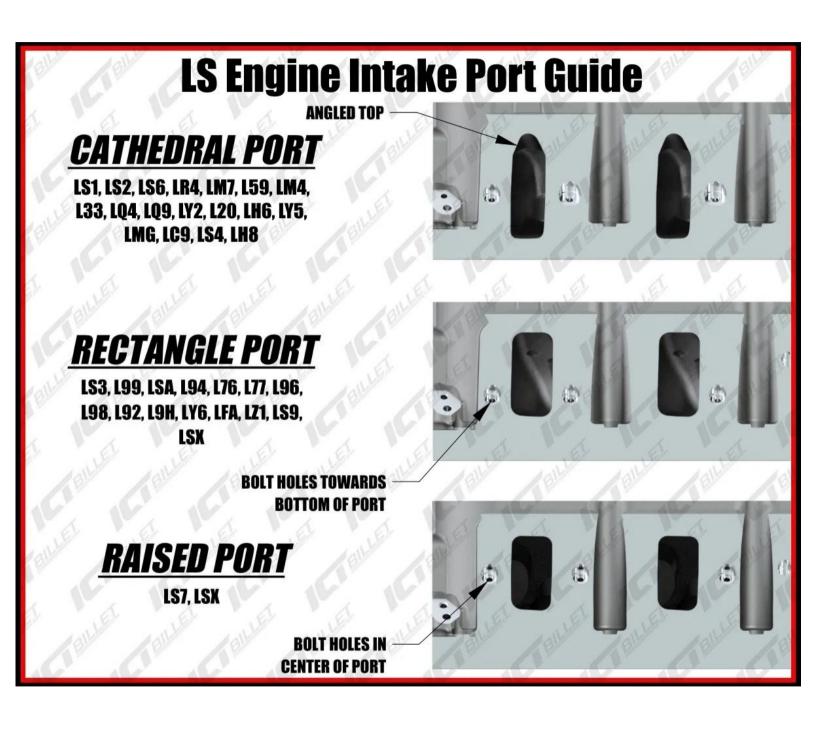
The difference between these heads is simple: the amount of cfm the heads can flow determines how efficient they are and how much power they can handle. The port of the head must also match the shape of the intake for proper air flow.

LS7 & LSX heads have a different bolt pattern which make their heads and intakes not very interchangeable with the rest of the LS family. The bolt holes are raised on the LS7 & LSX blocks, compared to the lower bolt holes on the Gen 3 & 4 heads.

What does this mean for your swap project?

At ICT Billet, we get a lot of phone calls asking if an LS7 intake will bolt onto an LS3 head because they received a killer deal on an LS7 FAST intake. Unfortunately, it will not fit due to the bolt holes not being in the same location, nor the port angle and shape.

Be sure to take a look at the port of your heads as well. In our LS intake manifold guide on the next page, we have included all of the possible LS engine RPO (engine code) codes possible. For example: the LS1 has a cathedral port head compared to the LS3, which has a rectangle port head. At ICT Billet, we make adapters that will allow fitment of various LS cylinder heads to a variety of intake manifolds.



LS Ignition Coils

Ignition coils are pretty straight forward. They provide the spark to your spark plugs by a signal from your Engine Control Module (ECM). On General Motors engines, the ignition coils are located on the valve covers. At ICT Billet, we make a coil relocation set that will allow you to move those coils to a remote location and clean up the top end of your engine.

What does this mean for your swap project?

Being able to relocate your ignition coils will open up the top side of the engine for things like our ICT Billet Valve Covers! We also sell products like harness extensions and cut-to-fit spark plug wires. We make the relocation process as painless and universal as possible.

The first thing you need to know is which ignition coils you have or will need for your swap. Refer to the image on the next page to identify your coils.



LS Fuel Injectors

Do you know which fuel injector you want to use with your swap? How about what type of fueling you need? Are you looking for something simple or a high flow application?

No matter what need you have for fueling, we have spacers and harness adapters at ICT Billet that allow you to use pretty much any combination you can think of. Keep in mind not every injector is the correct height or size to fit in any intake and fuel rail.

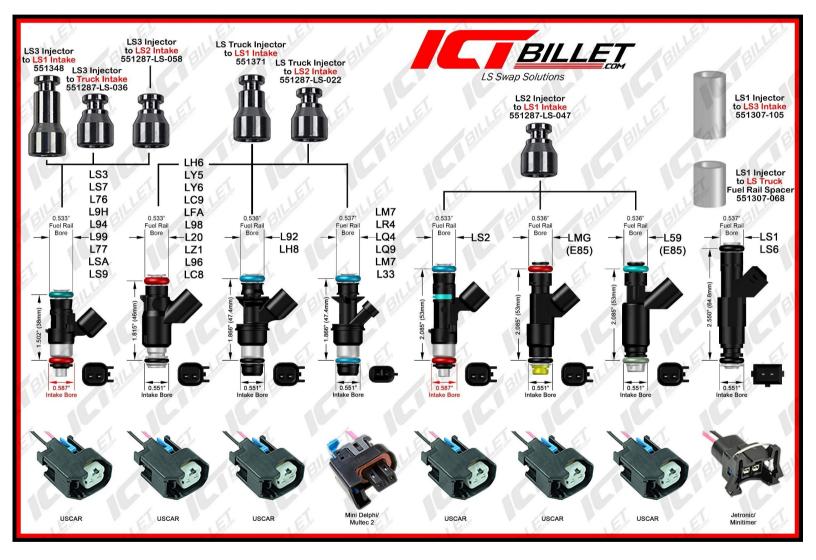
What does this mean for your swap project?

Your option for a factory style LS based fuel injector can now interchange into your intake and fuel rail combination. For example: you can now use LS3 injectors on your LS1, LS2, and LS truck intakes! This comes in handy when you have an application that needs a little more fueling, but you don't want to spend \$1K on injectors.

We also sell the harness adapters that allow the injectors to have a simple plug and play functionality with no need to worry about splicing and soldering wires.

At ICT Billet, we are seeing a growing number of LS2 intakes swapped onto a truck motor extremely well when using our adapters. We can now use an LS truck injector on either an LS1 or LS2 intake. It's all a very easy and clean installation as well. All of the hard work has been done, you just have to install o-rings, set in rails, bolt together and tune!

See the following image to get a better understanding of what injectors can fit where.



LS Throttle Body

Different generations of LS based engines came with different styles of throttle body. They got better in time, more efficient and easier to tune. Some have an IAC (idle air control) valve in the throttle body itself that controls idle airflow. The newer blades do not. Rather, they control idle airflow by just tipping the blade to a commanded point.

What does this mean for your swap project?

You have multiple options when it comes to choosing the throttle body for your application. The earlier models are a three bolt type, meaning they bolt to the intake only using three bolts. The newer generation throttle bodies are 4 bolt.

Different vehicles also have different sized throttle bodies, and many aftermarket companies sell even bigger throttle bodies like the 102 mm. We make all kinds of adapters to allow virtually any throttle body to work with your application at ICT Billet. We offer spacers, harness extensions, and adapters that let you run a three bolt to a 4 bolt intake, or a 4 bolt throttle body to a three bolt intake.

Supercharger

Planning to strap an awesome LSA blower on top of your LS engine? At ICT Billet, we make an LSA supercharger swap kit that will integrate the blower into a 6rib serpentine system. This kit is designed for truck spacing, which is the only way to make it work with how far the pulley sticks out. We also make other parts that will make your swap easier!

What does this mean for your swap project?

At ICT Billet, we've gone through the legwork of testing the LSA swap. Our goal is to make things as simple and universal as possible. The LSA blower on the ZL1 Camaro has front facing water ports, while the LSA blower off the CTS-V has rear facing water ports. Keep that in mind when you are planning your swap. Internally they are the same - same displacement, everything. A lot of our customers opt to have the snouts ported by machine shops and pick up some good horsepower with them as well!





LS Torque Specs

On the following page, you'll find the torque specs of LS based engines. These are the stock bolt torque specs. If you are running ARP bolts, then make sure to refer to the instructions that came with the bolts for their specific torque specs

The far right column located on the image shows a degree section. This means the bolts that are being used in that application are Torque To Yield (TTY). TTY bolts are one time use only because they stretch after they have been torqued. These bolts allow more clamping force when two metals are expanding and contracting. The bolt will move with it instead of fighting against it and potentinally breaking.

What does this mean for your swap project?

This LS Engine Torque Specs guide is a one stop shop to answer common questions on the torque specs of these bolts. No more just sending her home with two ugga's. These engines are making a ton of horsepower on stock bottom ends, but its the small things that will allow them to keep being efficient and reliable for you. It's important to be smart with your build. Refer to the guide on the next page for the torque specs! LS Engine Torque Specs

Item Collector Collector		<u>Ib-in</u>	<u>ft-lb</u>	<u>degree</u>
Camshaft Retainer Plate	Ø Y.Ø	- LET	18	LEL LE
Camshaft Sprocket		12	26	- A BM
Connecting Rod			j - V	75 °
Crankshaft Balancer			37 +	- 140°
Crankshaft Bearing caps				
Inner bolts - First pass in s	equence .	. 4 .	15 +	- 80°
Side bolts	alle	all here	18	all - sall
Outside bolts - First pass in	sequence	0- 1	15 +	+ 53 °
Crankshaft Sensor bolt			18	6 - 6
Cylinder Head Bolts - M11 bolts	(first)		22 +	- <i>90°+ 50°</i>
Cylinder Head Bots - M8 bolts (22	<u> </u>
Exhaust Manifold			18	A A
Flywheel / Flexplate			74	Billin Billin
Fuel Rail bolts				40
Intake Manifold			Ø *.	EL
Oil Pan M8 bolts			18	Elle
Oil Pan M6 bolts				
Rear Main Cover			18	and -
Rocker Arm.		<u> </u>	22	
Timing Cover		- P	18	
Valley Cover			18	- When
Valve Cover				
Water Pump			22	
Thermostat Housing		- Ollis	11	BILLE BILLE

LS Oil Pan

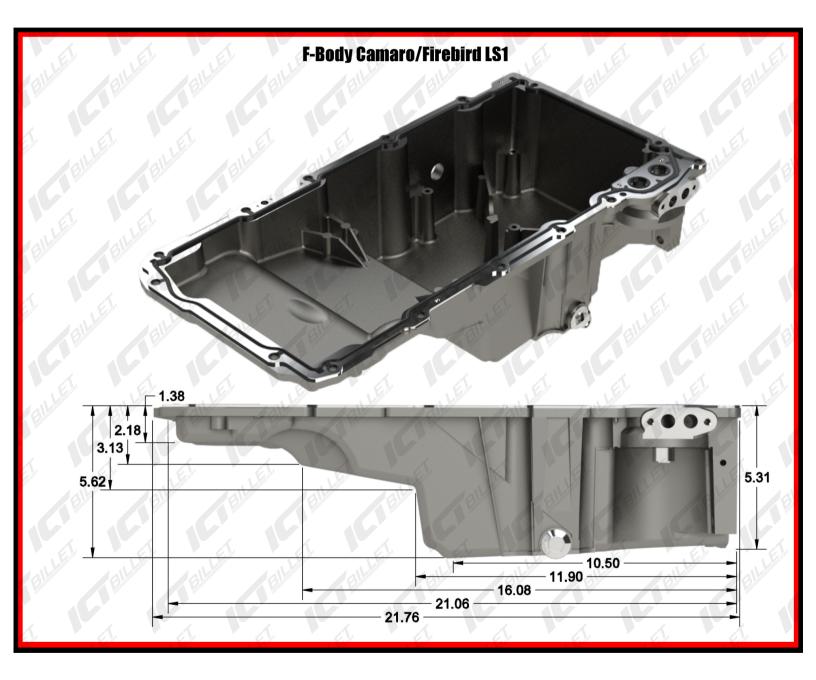
The oil pan is most commonly an issue when swapping an LS engine into a vehicle that was not designed for one. The reason is that the clearance and the way the front suspension systems were designed are different.

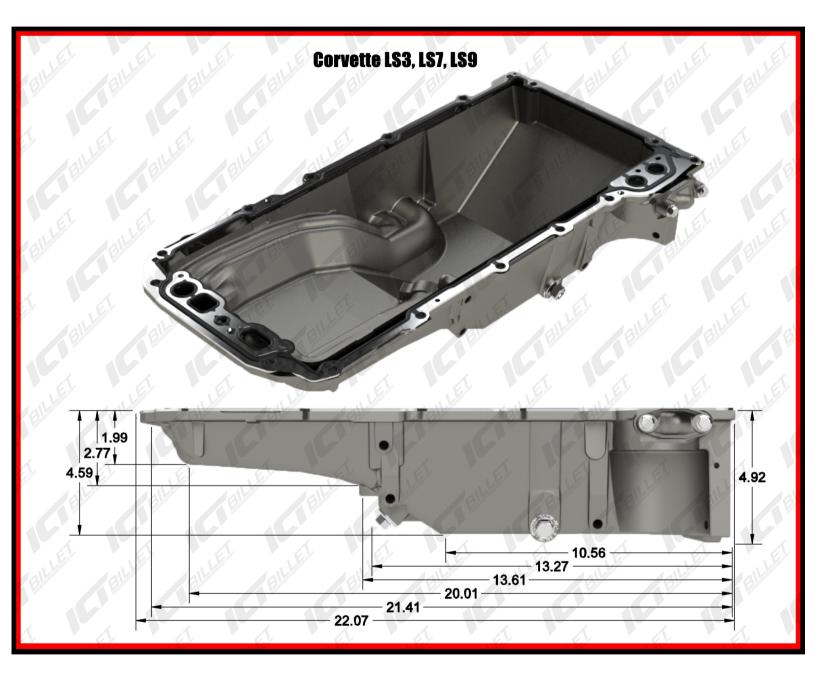
At ICT Billet, we have seen customers do many things in this situation. You can opt for a new modern front suspension system, or you can notch out what you need to to make it work.

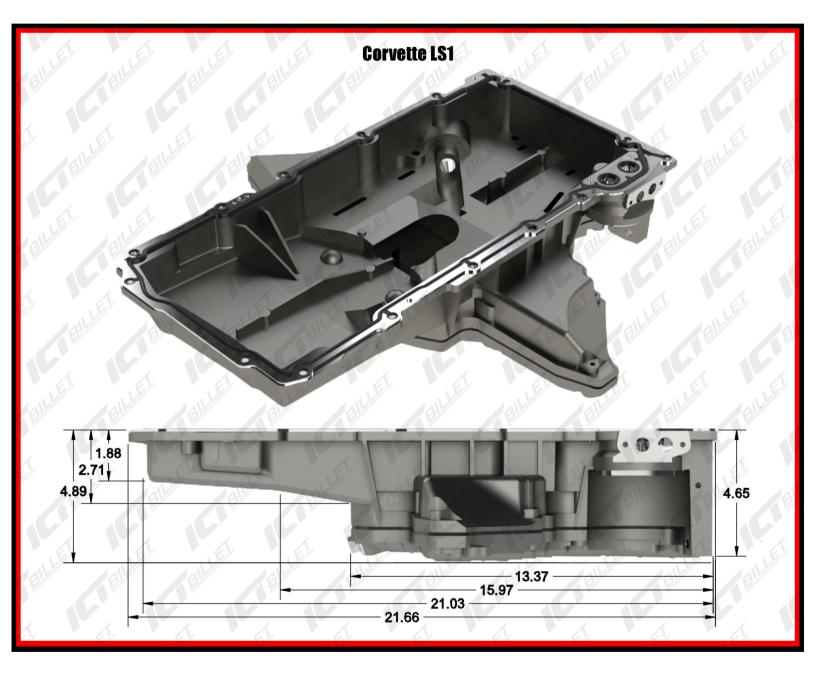
The LS Oil Pan Guides on the following pages will show you some key differences as well as measurements on the LS based engine oil pans.

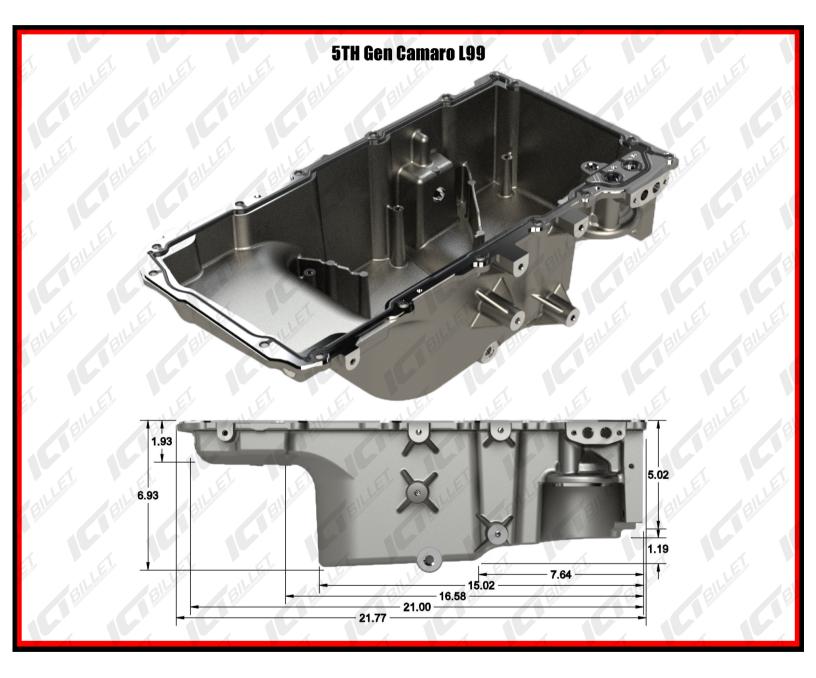
What does this mean for your swap project?

An LS engine will probably not drop right into your '72 C10 without some sort of front suspension work. The most common thing to do is to switch to a k-member and Mustang II front suspension system that will allow your swap to steer and ride like a modern vehicle. We make many accessories for oil pans at ICT Billet. Refer to the LS Oil Pan Guides on the following pages to find great information that will help you make a decision on which oil pan you would like to use in your swap.

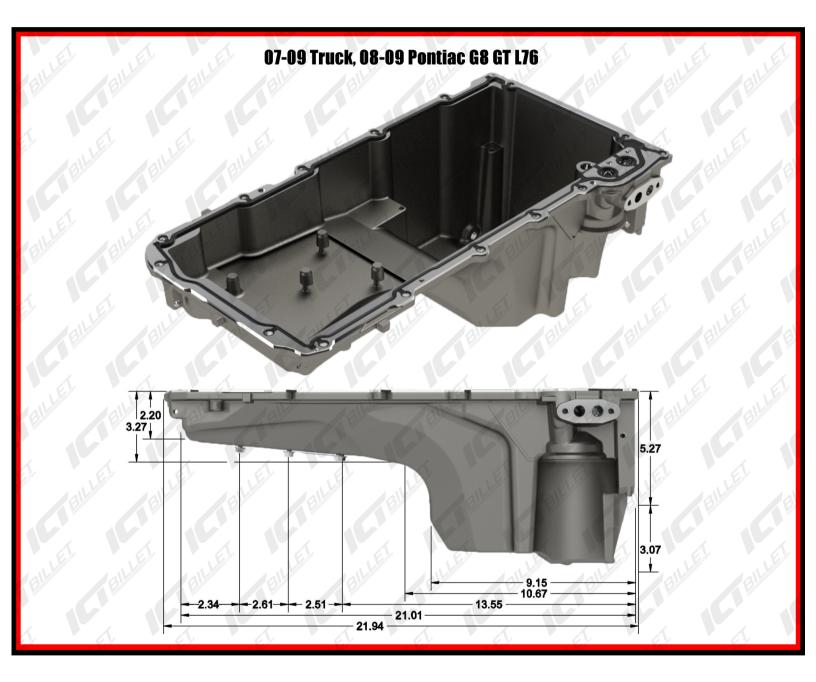


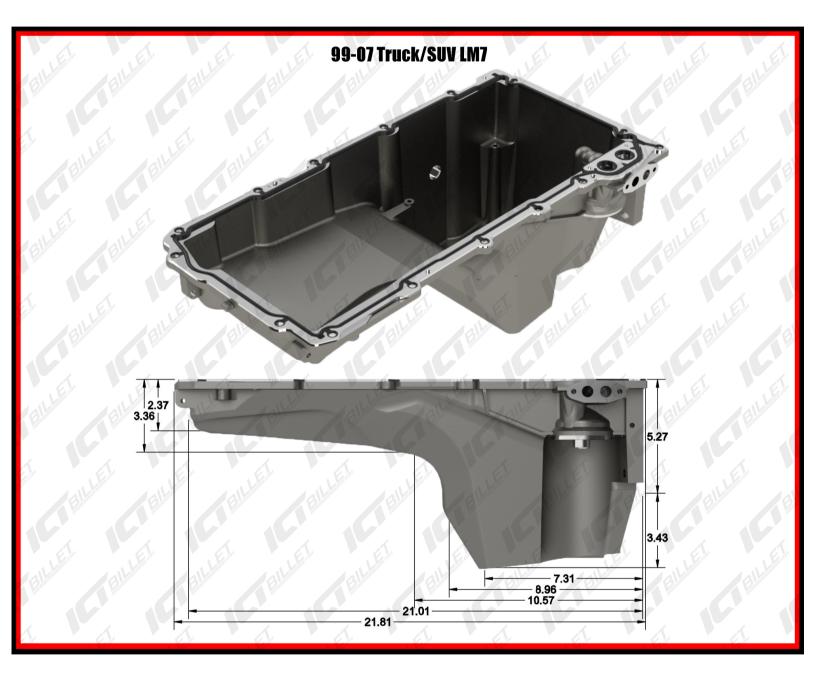


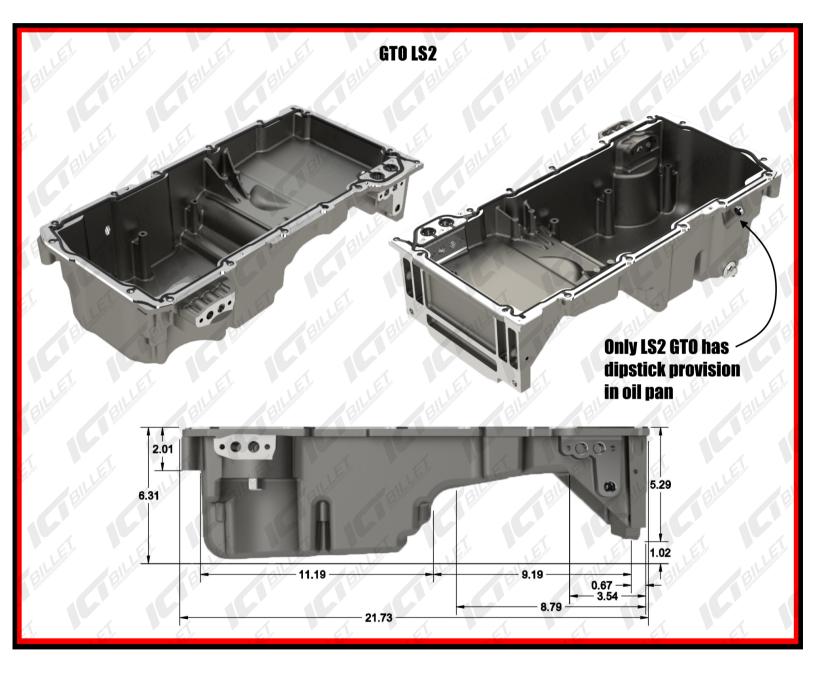


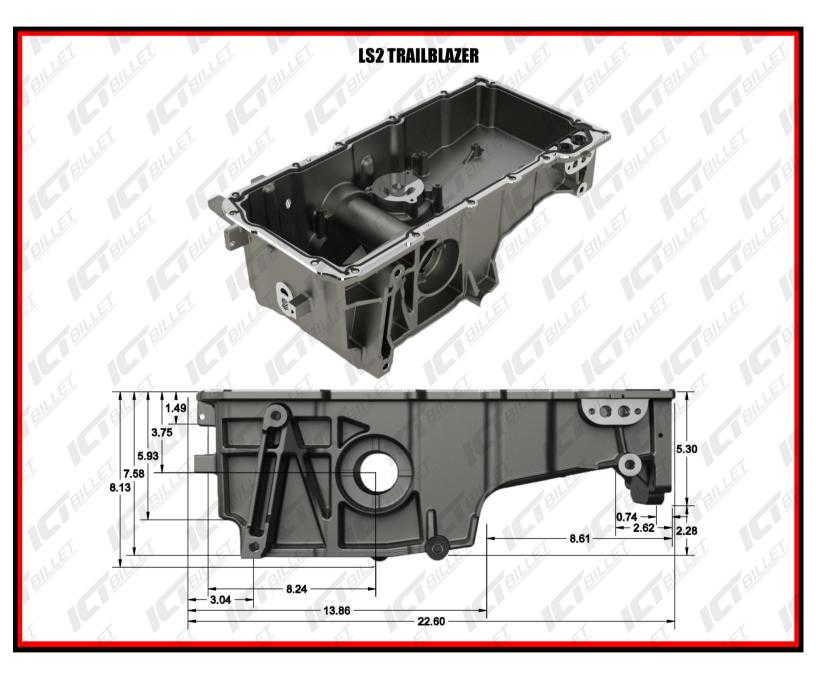


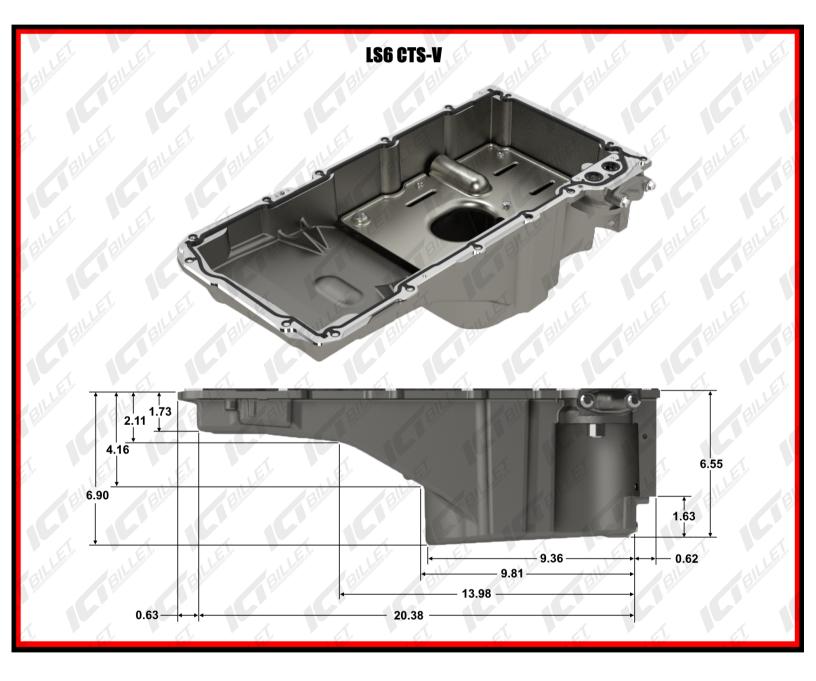


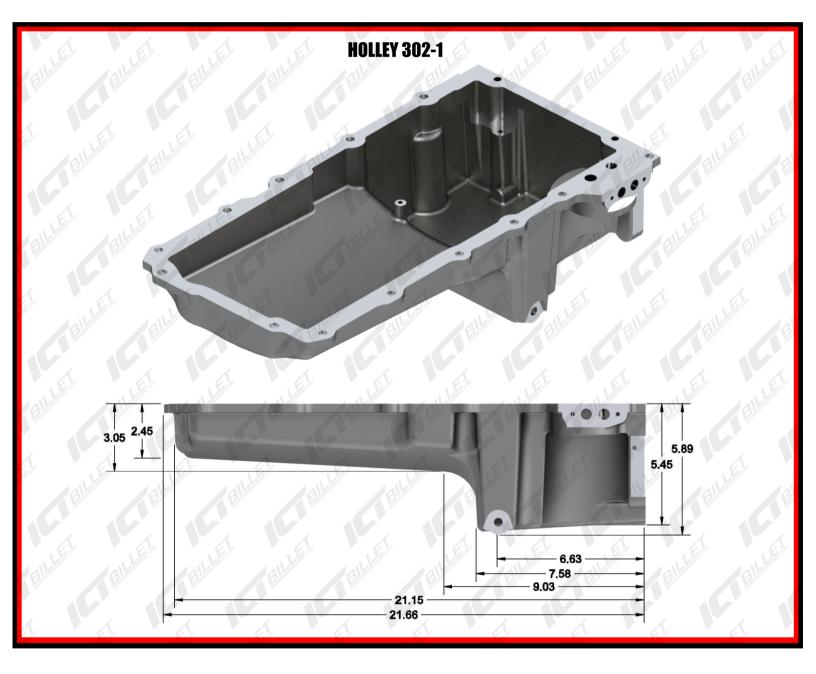


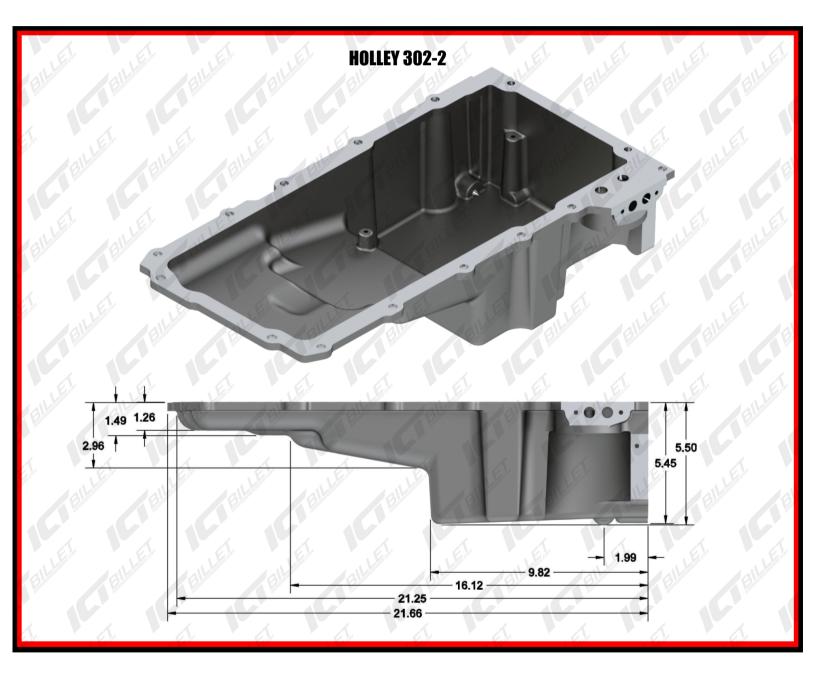


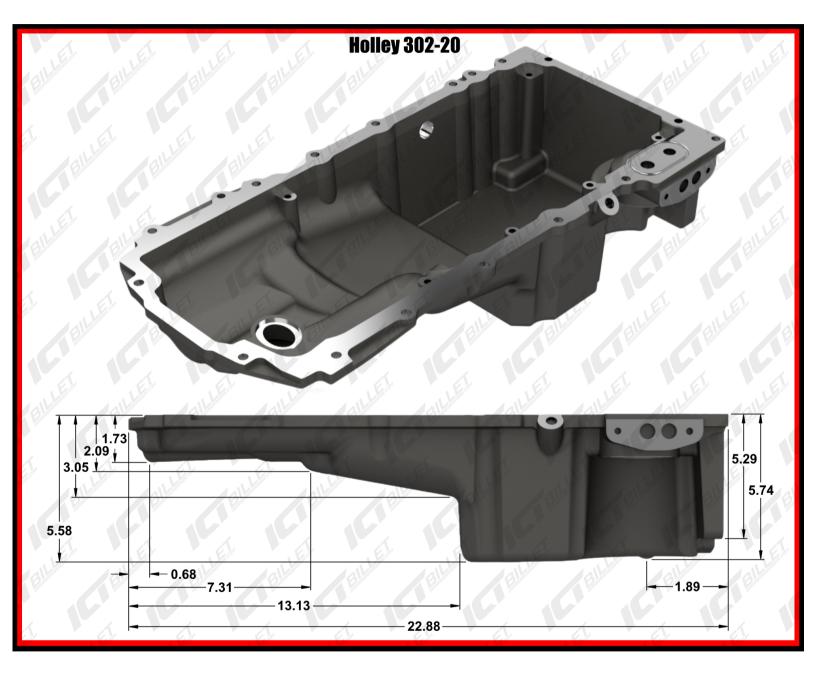














LS Wire Connectors





Extension: WEACV30-24 Alternator - 4 pin Pigtail: WPALT30

Extension: WEALT30-36

Extension: WEALT40-36

Alternator - 2 pin

Pigtail: WPALT40

Pigtail: WPACV30

A/C Compressor - GM / Vortec / R4

Blue/Green: WPECM30BG Blue/Red: WPECMBR

ECM Engine Computer Connector

Fuel Injector EV1/Jetronic (LS1) Pigtail: WPINJ30



Fuel Injector Multec/Mini Delphi Truck Pigtail: WPINJ31

Fuel I Pigta

Fuel Injector USCAR (LS3) Pigtail: WPINJ40



Idle Air Control Valve Pigtail: WPIAC30 Extension: WEIAC30-24

Intake Air Temperature Sensor Pigtail: WPIAT30 Extension: WEIAT30-24

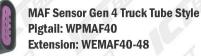
Knock Sensor LS1 Pigtail: WPKN010

Knock Harness Gen 3 - Female Pigtail: WPKN030 Extension: WEKN030-36

> Knock Sensor Gen 4 Pigtail: WPKN040

MAF Sensor Gen 3 - 5 wire Pigtail: WPMAF30 Extension: WEMAF30-24

MAF Sensor Gen 3 - 3 wire Pigtail: WPMAF31 Extension: WEMAF31-48





MAF Sensor Gen 4 Truck Cartridge Style Pigtail: WPMAF41 Extension: WEMAF41-48



Coil Harness Male-Pigtail: WPCLM30

Coil Harness Female-Pigtail: WPCLF30

Pigtail: WPCIL30

Ignition Coil - D580 (<mark>LS1 Coil Only)</mark> Pigtail: WPCIL31

Ignition Coil - D510C, D581, D514A, D585C





Pigtail: WPCKP30 Extension: WECKP30-36

Crankshaft Position Sensor Gen 3

Crankshaft Position Sensor Gen 4 Pigtail: WPCKP40 Extension: WEACKP40-36







Camshaft Position Sensor Gen 4

Pigtail: WPCMP40

Extension: WECAM30-48

Coolant Temperature Sensor - 3 wire Pigtail: WPCTS33 Extension: WETPS30-24

LS Wire Connectors (cont...)

	MAF Sensor LS3 Gen 4 Pigtail: WPMAF43 Extension: WEMAF43-48		Oxygen Sensor Trapezoid - Female Pigtail: WPOXY37
a	MAP Sensor Gen 3 Pigtail: WPMAP30 Extension: WEMAP30-24		Throttle Body 8-Wire Gen 3 Pigtail: WPTHB30 Extension: WETHB30-12
	MAP Sensor Gen 4 Pigtail: WPMAP40 Extension: WEMAP40-24		Throttle Body 6-Wire Gen 4 Pigtail: WPTHB40 Extension: WETHB40-12
	OBD2 Dash Diagnostic Port 4-wire Pigtail: WPOBD30		Throttle Pedal Position Sensor Pigtail: WPAPP40 Extension: WEAPP40-72
	Oil Pressure Sensor DBC Pigtail: WPOIL30		Throttle Position Sensor Pigtail: WPTPS30 Extension: WETPS30-24
	Oil Pressure Sensor DBW Pigtail: WP0IL33		Transmission Harness 4L60/65/70E: WPTRA36 4L80E: WPTRA38
	Oil Pressure Sensor Gen 4 Pigtail: WPOIL40		Transmission Nuetral Safety Switch Pigtail: WPNSS30
	Oxygen Sensor Flat 4-wire - Female Pigtail: WPOXY30		Transmission Range PRNDL Sensor Pigtail: WPTRR30
	Oxygen Sensor Flat 4-wire - Male Pigtail: WPOXY31		Transmission Vehicle Speed Sensor Pigtail: WPVSS30
	Oxygen Sensor Square 1-keyway - Male Pigtail: WP0XY32	WAALT30-6 WAALT30-36 WAALT40-6 WAALT40-36	Wire Adapters 4-Pin Alternator to 2-Pin High-amp 6" 4-Alternator to 2-pin High-amp 36" 2-Pin Alternator High-amp to 4-Pin 36" 2-Pin Alternator High-amp to 4-Pin 36"
	Oxygen Sensor Square 1-keyway - Female Pigtail: WPOXY34	WACAM40-6 WACKP30-6 WACKP40-6 WAINJ30 WAINJ31 WAINJ32	Gen 4 Camshaft Position Sensor Adapter 6" Gen 4 Crank Position Sensor to Gen 3 Harness 6" Gen 3 Crank Position Sensor to Gen 4 Harness 6" Jetronic EV1 to Mini Delphi Multec 2 Fuel Injector Jetronic EV1 to USCAR EV6 Fuel Injector Mini Delphi Multec 2 to USCAR EV6 Fuel Injector
	Oxygen Sensor Square 2-Keyway - Male Pigtail: WP0XY33	WAINJ33 WAINJ40 WAINJ41 WAMAF30-60 WAMAF31-6 WAMAF32-6	Mini Delphi Multec 2 to Jetronic EV1 Fuel Injector USCAR EV6 to Mini Delphi Multec 2 Fuel Injector USCAR EV6 to Jetronic EV1 Fuel Injector Gen 3 MAF, IAT Sensor Breakout Harness Gen 3 3-wire MAF to 5-wire IAT Breakout Harness Gen 3 3-wire MAF to 5-wire LS3 Card Style MAF-IAT
	Oxygen Sensor Square 2-keyway - Female Pigtail: WP0XY35	WAMAF32-6 WAMAF33-6 WAMAF40-6 WAMAF41-6 WAMAF42-6 WAMAF42-6 WAMAP30-6	Gen 3 MAF-IAT to Gen 4 LS3 Card Style MAF-IAT Gen 4 Truck Tube Style MAF to LS3 Card Style MAF-IAT Gen 4 Truck Tube Style MAF to LS3 Card Style MAF-IAT Gen 4 Truck Card Style to LS3 Card Style Gen 4 MAF-IAT Breakout Harness Gen 3 Vehicle to 3-bar Brick Style MAP Sensor
	Oxygen Sensor Trapezoid - Male Pigtail: WPOXY36	WAMAP31-6 WAMAP40-6 WAT5630 WATRA30-18 WATRA31-18 WAVVT40-10	Gen 3 Vehicle to Gen 4 Bosch Style MAP Sensor Gen 4 Vehicle to Gen 3 MAP Sensor T56 Skip Shift Eliminator 4L60E to 4L80E Transmission 4L70E to 4L80E Transmission VVT to NON-VVT Camshaft Sensor Connector

LS Fittings

During your swap, you may notice a need to make things work together that you might not have thought of before. Using fittings will allow you to do that either a remote water pump, a turbo feed and return line, or even transmission cooler lines, engine oil cooler lines, ect. The list goes on.

These fitting will make your LS swap a lot easier, and they look great too. There are different sizes of fittings all tailored to your needs. There are also different thread types. Some have o-rings, some do not. There are fittings that go on the ends of hoses, while some get threaded onto fuel lines.

What does this mean for your swap project?

Getting all of the components of your swap to work together is sometimes tough. The factory fuel lines are not very universal because they are made to fit the exact vehicle they are in.

So how will you get fuel to your engine?

You can simply get -8 fuel line along with a few 8an fittings and make it happen. Utilizing these different types of fittings will make your swap go easier and also become very reliable. See the image on the next page to take a look at the differences in fittings and how they can work in your application.

